

Mozambique Integrated Malaria Program

Preventing, Testing, Treating, and Tracking Malaria

The Mozambique Integrated Malaria Program (IMaP) is a five-year USAID-funded project implemented by Chemonics International that will contribute to reducing malaria mortality, morbidity, and parasitemia in four high malaria burden provinces (**Cabo Delgado, Nampula, Tete, and Zambézia**). IMaP will achieve this goal through three objectives:

- **Support the implementation of proven malaria interventions** at community and facility levels, in alignment with the National Malaria Strategic Plan
- **Strengthen management capacity** of the provincial and district Ministry of Health personnel to provide oversight and supervision of malaria interventions
- **Improve Health Management Information System** data reporting, analysis, and use at the provincial and district level

Malaria, particularly in the high-transmission north and center, is endemic in Mozambique. **The disease accounts for nearly 30 percent of all deaths** and is especially lethal for children under five. In rural regions, malaria prevalence can reach higher than **45 percent**. As the flagship activity for the President's Malaria Initiative (PMI) in Mozambique, IMaP facilitates coordination among the Ministry of Health/National Malaria Control Program, PMI, Global Fund, and other malaria partners at national and subnational levels. In addition to addressing systemic and facility-level constraints to improve quality of facility- and community-based malaria services, IMaP implements community-based social and behavior change communications interventions to increase demand and uptake of these same services. IMaP also works to strengthen data flow and quality within the system for improved decision-making and planning.

To date, IMaP has successfully rolled out the training of **12,568** health care workers across **646** health facilities in malaria case management in the program's four provinces. The team has increased the proportion of pregnant women receiving anti-malarial Intermittent Preventive Treatment in pregnancy for all four provinces. The program has also trained **37** radio stations and **14** community-based organizations on social behavior change malaria prevention communication strategies, which has reached more than **8.5M** people. Lastly, IMaP performed data quality analysis of **462** health facilities. Through interventions like these, IMaP has reduced malaria-related deaths by **50 percent** in Nampula, Zambézia, and Tete provinces. Experiences from previous years have paved the way for Year 5, IMaP's final year, where activities will shift to focus on sustainability and finalizing activities in malaria case management, including lab support, malaria in pregnancy (MIP), malaria social and behavior change communication (SBCC) interventions, and surveillance, monitoring, and evaluation (SME) activities at the health facility and community levels in Nampula, Zambézia, Cabo Delgado, and Tete.



Photo Credit: HHSC-PSM | Mickael Breard



Project Name

Mozambique Integrated Malaria Program (IMaP)

Chief of Party

Dr. Mulamuli Mpofu

Duration

November 2017 –
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Prime Contractor

Chemonics International Inc.

Partner Organizations

- FHI 360
- Friends in Global Health

Address:

Avenida Kim Il Sung, N° 1078
Maputo, Mozambique